The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday August 6. to Monday August 10. 1702.

At the Court at *Hampton-Court*, *Aug.* 6. 1702.

PRESENT,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHereas by Her Majesty's Declaration, bearing Date the First day of June last, for the Encouragement of the Captains of Her Majesty's Ships of War, it is declared, That in Case any Ship of War belonging to France or Spain be taken by any of Her Majesty's Ships of War, and after the Capture, the same shall be taken into Her Majesty's Service, the Captors shall have Ten Pounds per Gun, and Ten Pounds per Tun of such Ship or Vessel to be divided between them, their Officers and Men; and Her Majesty taking Notice, upon the reading this day at the Board a Memorial relating to this Matter from His Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark, Lord High Admiral, That during the last War, there was not allowed in such Cases more than Ten Pounds per Gun, and Ten Shillings per Tun, and that the said Allowance of Ten Pounds per Tun, mentioned in Her Majesty's said Declaration, which would amount to more than the said Ships might be actually Built for, has been inserted by Mistake, instead of the Allowance intended to be made of Ten Shillings per Tun: Her Majesty is pleased to Order, as it is hereby Ordered, That according to Her Majesty's Royal Intentions herein, Allowance be made of Ten Pounds for each Gun, but no more than Ten Shillings a Tun for all such Ships of War of France or Spain as shall be taken by any Her Majesty's Ships of War, and afterwards employed in the Service of the Royal Navy as aforesaid, and that for the preventing any further Mistake, this Order be Published in the three next Gazettes.

JOHN POVEY.

Windsor, *August* 5. The following Address was presented to Her Majesty by the Ministers and Elders of the *Danish* Church in *Marine-Square*, being introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of *Jersey*, Lord Chamberlain of Her Majesty's Household.

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

The most humble Address of the *Danish* and *Norway* Congregation, in *London*.

May it please Your Majesty,

THough late in Time, because of our Minister's Absence, yet amongst the first in Duty we come to throw our selves at Your Majesty's Feet, to Condole the Death of Your Dear Brother, our late Sovereign of Glorious Memory, and at the same time do heartily and joyfully Congratulate Your Majesty's most happy Accession to the Throne of Your Royal Ancestors.

We do most humbly Implore Your Majesty, to continue the Favours and most gracious Privileges which we have obtained in their late Majesties Reign, to Build and Enjoy a Danish Church for our Countrymen, Trading to this Your Majesty's City of London, and to let us be Partakers of Your Royal Protection, as the rest of Your Majesty's Subjects.

Strangers we are, most Gracious Sovereign, but such as are born in the Hereditary Dominions of Your Royal Consort, and now happily settled under the benign Influence of Your Majesty's most Gracious Government.

We hope therefore, with the deepest Submission, That Your Majesty will be pleased the rather to take us into Your Royal Favour, as being both True Protestants, and Countrymen of Your dearest Prince, who shall always, with our hearty Prayers, Duty and Loyalty, endeavour to deserve the same.

Almighty God preserve and bless Your Majesty many and many Years, for the Good and Glory of Your Kingdoms, and the Joy and Happiness of us and all Your Faithful Subjects.

May Heaven grant Your Majesty your Hearts desire, direct You in all Your Councils, and Frustrate the Designs of all Your open and secret Enemies; that Your Reign may be long, Crowned with perpetual Success and Prosperity, and Your Royal and Pious Soul with the Bliss of Everlasting Happiness in the World to come.

Which Address Her Majesty received very graciously.

Marseilles, *July* 18. *N. S.* By a Ship which came into this Port some days ago from *Tunis*, we have the following Account of the killing of *Amurat* Bey, and all those of his Family, which had governed that Kingdom above 100 years. He was in War with the Governments of *Algiers* and *Tripoly*, and parted from *Tunis* in the beginning of *June*, in order to go to his Army, which was then encamped near *Beghey*; and the 9th of that Month he came to a Village called *Lout-Zarga*, not above ten Miles from the Camp, where he lay that Night, and the next Morning continued his Journey: But he had scarce advanced a League on his way, when *Ibrahim Xerif*, Aga or Colonel of his Turkish Spahi's, with about 20 of his Men, came up to the Bey's Coach, and fired a Pistol at him, whereupon the Bey offered to alight, in order to make his Escape; but the Aga's Men laid hold of him and cut off his Head, and his two Cousins, *Amurat* and *Hassan*, Sons of *Mehemet* Bey, who were present, endeavoured to get away, but in vain, for being pursued and overtaken, their Heads were likewise taken off. Then *Ibrahim* went to the Army, and found the Report of what had pass'd had already reached the Camp, and excited some Commotion there; but the late Bey being universally hated for his Cruelty and Oppression, and *Ibrahim* generally beloved, the Tumult was soon appeased, and *Ibrahim* was unanimously chosen to Succeed in the Government, and proclaimed Bey at the Head of the Army. The 11th, *Hamond*, *Amurat*'s Uncle, and his Son *Hassan*, who was not above Four years old, were strangled at *Tunis* by the New Bey's Order, and their two Heads, with those of the late Bey and his Cousins, *Amurat* and *Hassan* abovementioned, were there exposed to publick View for several days, to the great Satisfaction of the People, who rejoiced to see that Family extinct, under whose Tyranny they had suffered so long. *Ibrahim*, to render the beginning of his Reign grateful to the Moors, has remitted to them all the Arrears of Taxes that were owing to his Predecessor; has given Leave to those of *Cairoan* to rebuild their City, which the late Bey had destroyed, and has promised his Protection to all those who had left their Habitations to fly from that Prince's Oppression, whereof a great Number are returned: He has also sent Proposals of Peace to those of *Tripoli* and *Algier*.

Milan, *July* 19. Don *Livio Odescalchi*'s Estate in this Dutchy, being Confiscated, because of his adhering to the Emperor's Interest, he has made it over to his Nephew Count *Borromeo*, who is come hither to claim it, and has obtained an Order from the King of *Spain* for his being put in Possession of it. They write from *Piacenza*, that Prince *Eugene* has writ to the Duke of *Parma*, who is a Vassal of the Empire, on account of the Dutchy of *Piacenza*, requiring him to cause the Corn of his Subjects to be brought from the open Country into the Cities; and all other Methods to be used to prevent its falling into the hands of the Emperor's Enemies, and not to supply them with Provisions, as he shall answer the Contrary.

Rome, *July* 22. Cardinal Barberini being lately returned from Naples, where he was with the Character of the Pope's Legate *a Latere*, made his Entry into Town the 20th Instant, and had Audience of the Pope, to give him an Account of his Legation. The Pope has sent Signior Sardini to the Court of Savoy, to endeavour to accommodate the Differences between himself and that Duke, concerning the Nomination to such Benefices as become Vacant in his Territories. The

Number